

FireStorm Elite

From

Personal Investor Plan

User Manual

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Introduction

FireStorm does best in a volatile market. It will work on any currency pair but ones that range (stays within a limited price range for an extended period of time) will not be as accommodating as those that trend a lot. The EUR/USD has been a good first choice because both of these currencies are of the fiat type (they are not backed by anything substantial) and can move around considerably. For my second choice I usually use the GBP/JPY as I tend to stay with the majors to get better spreads but any currency pair that you have access to will work. I recommend the volatility chart at <http://www.ratesfx.com/summaries/volatility.html#highest>

Notice that right now the ZAR/JPY (ZAR - South African rand/JPY - Japanese Yen) is the most volatile but trading the ZAR cost a lot in the spread, so staying with the majors is generally a good idea. The majors are EUR, GBP, CHF, USD, CAD, NZD, AUS, and JPY.

FireStorm Elite was written for use on MetaTrader 4. Some brokers are now offering MetaTrader 5 in addition to MT4. This platform is not an upgrade to MT4 as it works quite differently and is also designed to be complaint with the United States NFA requirements which do not apply in any other country. FireStorm Elite is designed to work at any MetaTrader brokerage offering the MT4 platform including the USA. Please take account of the additional margin requirements of brokers based in USA and Japan for instance where it is typically 1:50.

The system requires at least \$5,000 to work properly for accounts trading 0.01 lots.

Please don't rush things. Take time to read through this manual and understand the way it functions. You may contact us at pip@personalinvestorplan.com if you have any questions specific to your situation. For general information and questions please visit our forum. We are committed to your success with this product and are here to help you succeed.

Installation

You should have received a download link for your copy of FireStorm Elite. Copy and paste the link into your web browser and follow the on-screen prompts.

Once you have downloaded it:

1. Place the FireStorm Elite executable into your experts' folder.
2. Run the FireStorm Elite executable from there, all files will be installed to their correct locations.

Notes:

If you are using a VPS you can open the link from the VPS. If you have a VPS but open the link from your desktop you will need to use your VPS control panel to upload the downloaded file to your VPS server first.

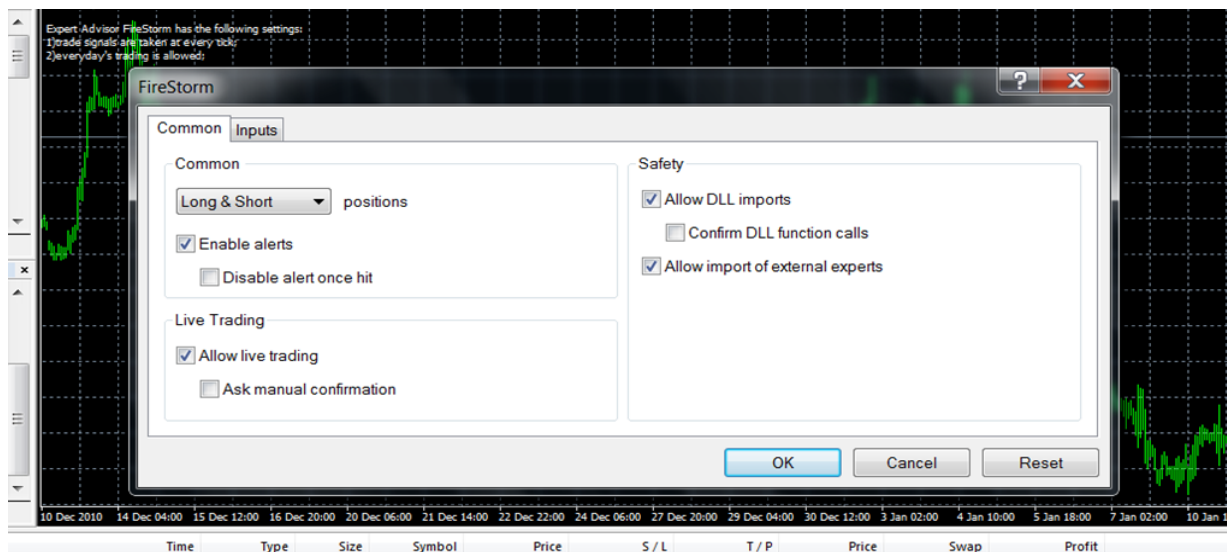
We advise closing your MT4 platform before starting the above procedure. MT4 cannot 'see' FireStorm Elite unless it is restarted after FireStorm Elite has been loaded and installed within the Experts folder.

To place the downloaded file into your MT4 experts' folder, locate the newly downloaded file using file manager. Highlight it with the cursor, hold down Ctrl key and press 'C'. Locate the MT4 directory and Experts within it. Once Experts is open hold down Ctrl key and press 'V'. Restart MT4.

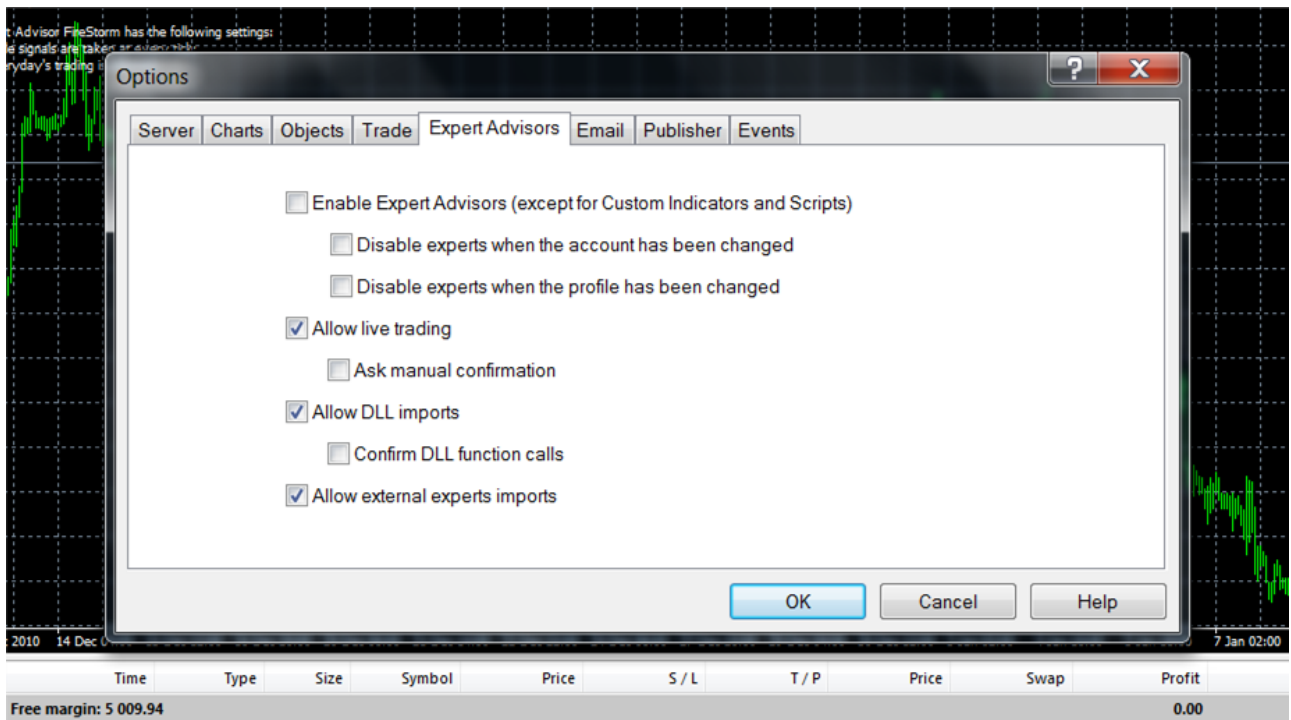
General MT4 Settings

The following describes the options available in the settings box. (F7 or click on the face or x after the FireStorm Elite name in the upper right hand corner of the chart.)

The common tab should look like this:

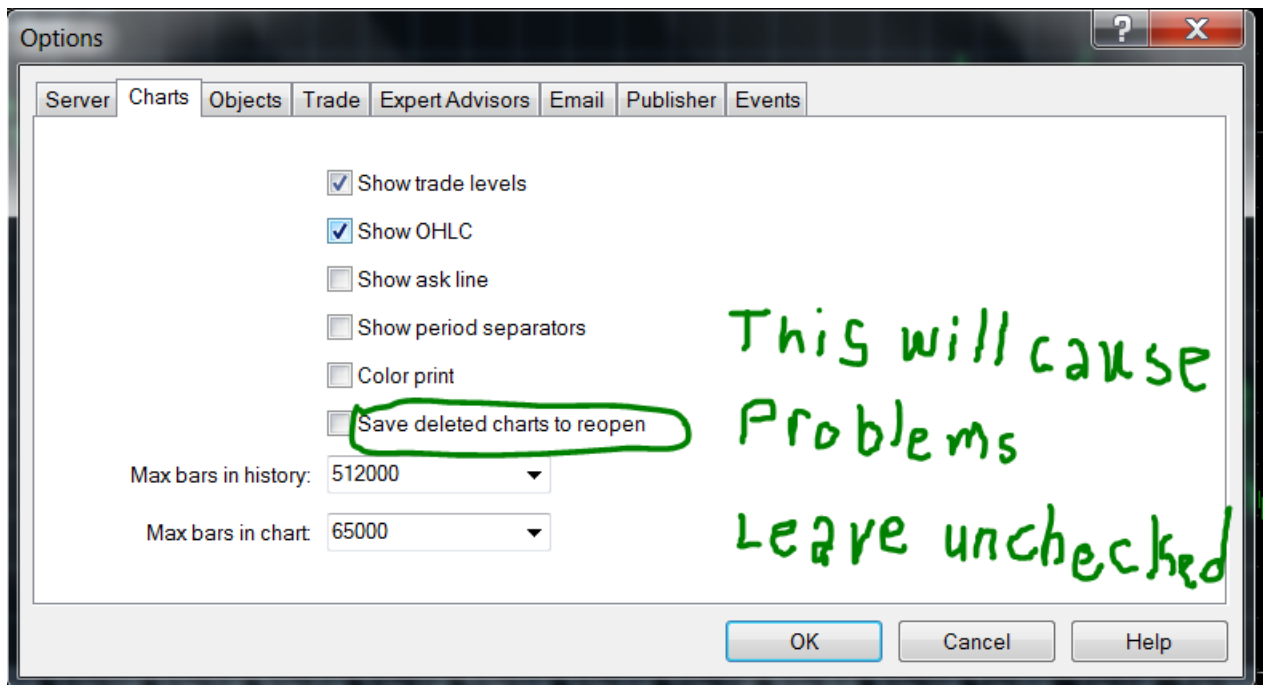


Make sure all of the main boxes are checked and the secondary recessed boxes are unchecked. It is a good idea for you to set this globally as you may wish to open a second chart in the future. To do this on the MetaTrader4 (MT4) go to the top and click on tools then options. Choose the 'Expert Advisor' tab at the top. At this point you should make your settings look like this.



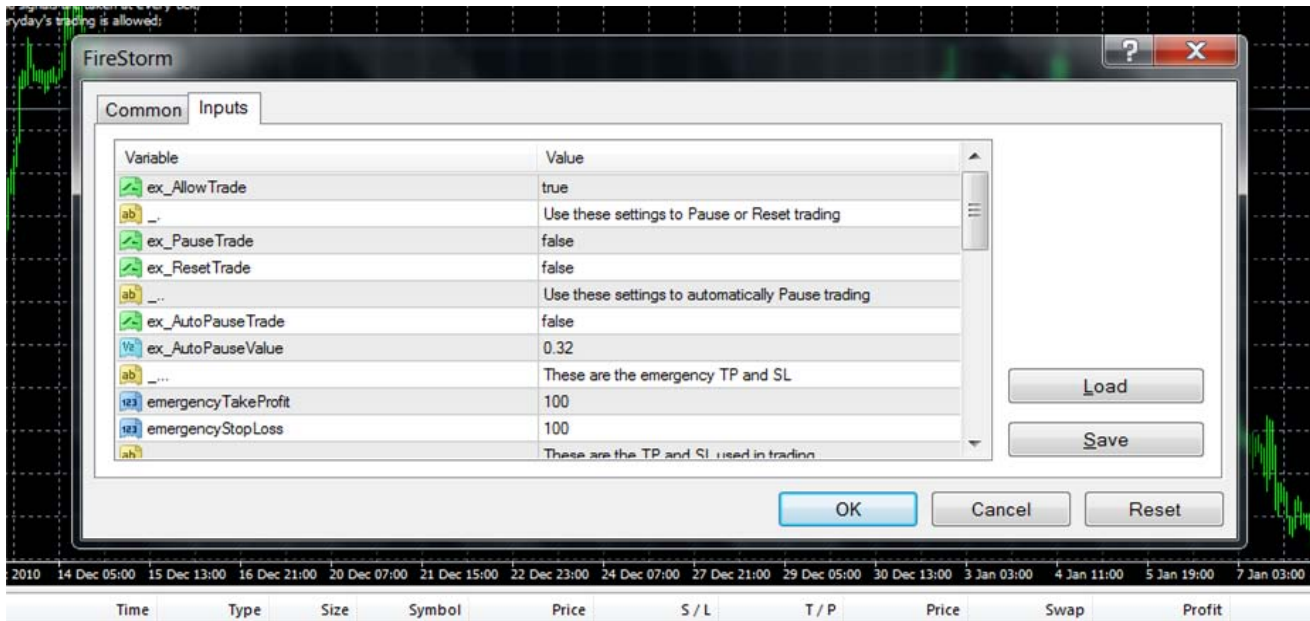
The expert Advisor button on the MT4 desktop will turn the advisor on and off. Defaulting the first box then to off is just a safety precaution.

While you're in the option box, click on the Charts Tab and un-check the last box. Bad things can happen if you don't. It should look like this.



FireStorm Elite Settings

Open the Input Tab to enter your preferred settings box F7

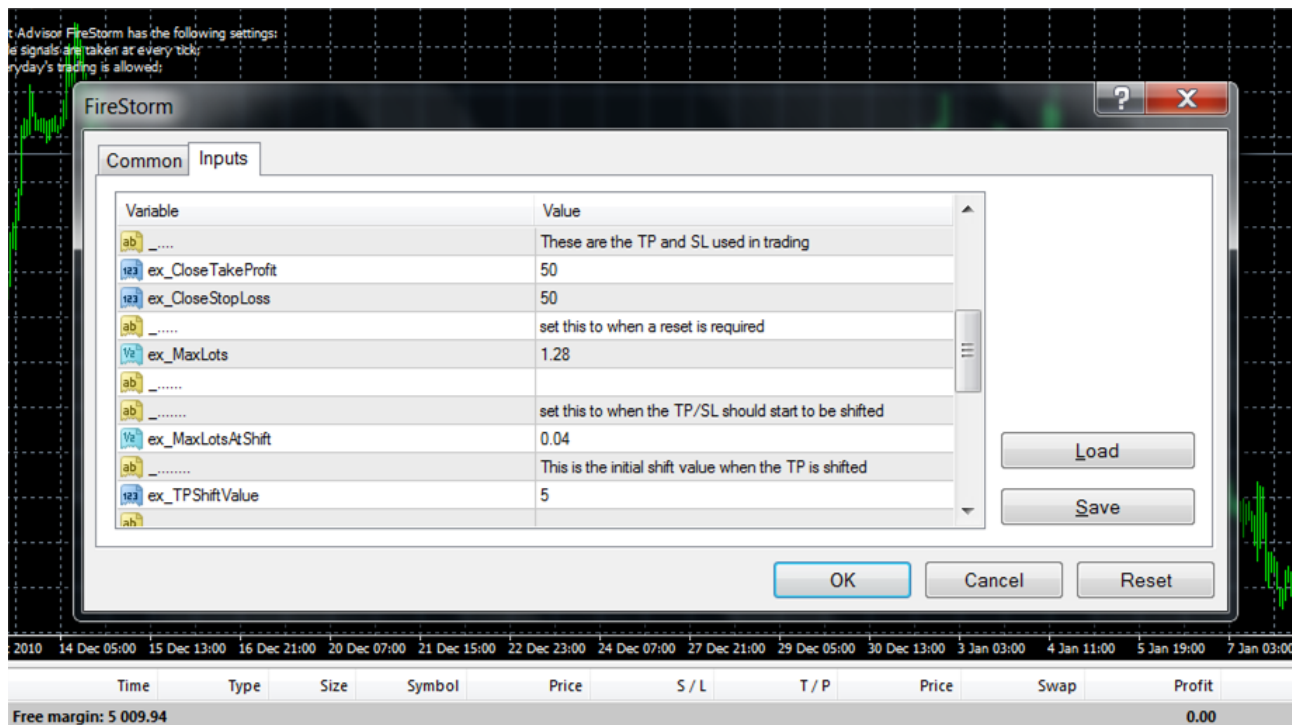


Note: Yellow tabs are not settings. They provide details for you of what the following settings cover.

1. **ex_Allow Trade** – False will not let FireStorm Elite open or close trades. True switches on the program.
2. **ex_pause Trade** – will prevent the next trade from opening if set to true. The reason for this option is if you see something that you are not comfortable with and want to pause the trading sequence where it is and just pick up trading where you left off at a later point when the problem is remedied.
3. **Ex_Reset Trade** – This is set to true if you want to manually reset the martingale series back to its base. The base is established by you later on in the settings box labeled ex_InitialBuyLots.
4. **ex_AutoPauseTrade** – This pauses the trade just like ex_pause trade does, but does so automatically after the ex_AutoPauseValue is reached. If this switch is set to false, FireStorm will not pause but continue trading.
5. **ex_AutoPauseValue** – Set this value to where you want FireStorm Elite to pause automatically. If you set it to .64 then when the size of the trade is .64 or larger, FireStorm Elite will pause if the AutoPauseTrade is set to true, making .32 the

largest size trade taken. It will take the next .64 trade if you put .65 in this settings box (as 0.64 is the next level up from 0.32). These settings work on the internal hedge. (FireStorm Elite will not take the .63 size trade if this value is set to .64).

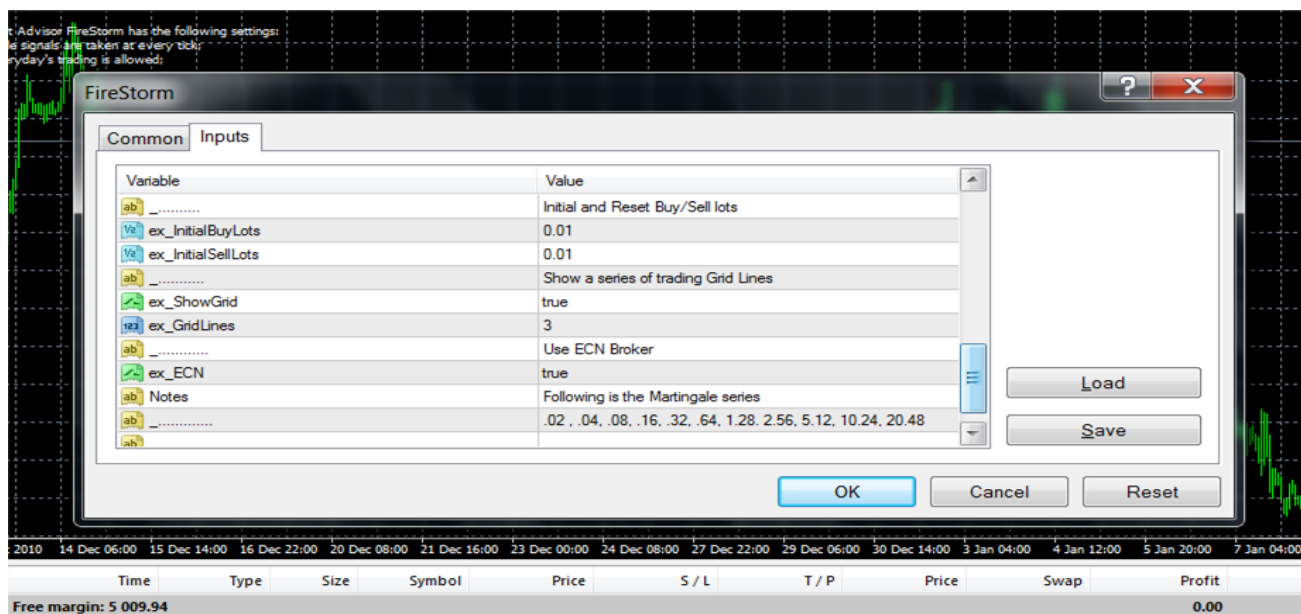
6. **EmergencyTakeProfit** – Not currently used. Available for future modification.
7. **EmergencyStopLoss** – Not currently used. Available for future modification.



8. **ex_CloseTakeProfit** – This is the size of the range that you wish to trade. The 50 default means that 50 pips from where the trade opens it will close for the first base size trade. The side of the trade that is in profit will close here for a gain. This is the smallest range size.
9. **ex-CloseStopLoss** – Same as 8 but for the side of the trade that loses.
10. **ex-MaxLots** – This is the largest size of a trade that FireStorm Elite will take before starting over at the base settings. There is no on/off switch for this setting. It will reset to base after this size is hit. However, you can resize it larger if you would prefer.
11. **ex_MaxLotsAtShift** – The trades start from the base setting, usually .01 and the losing side is doubled and this new amount is opened in the direction of the last win. When the largest side of the trade hits the maxlotsatshift level, FireStorm Elite will begin adding extra pips to the size of the range. The number of pips

added will be determined by the amount in the next field 'ex_TPShiftValue'. If the ex_MaxLotsAtShift is set for .04 and the ex_TPShiftValue is set for 5 as in the picture above then starting with the next trade at .08 lots, FireStorm Elite will add 5 pips to the ranges. If ex_CloseTakeProfit and ex-CloseStopLoss are set for 50 pip ranges, then when the Martingale series hit .07 lot size the range will be 55 pips, the next trade range size will be 60 and so forth. This is a built in resistance to on-going increases in trade sizes. It has a tendency to keep the system from taking new trades until a real breakout occurs.

12. **ex_TPShiftValue** – This is the amount that the range sizes increase when they begin to increase.



13. **ex_InitialBuyLots** – FireStorm Elite is calculated internally by using a hedged system. Though only one trade will be taken, both the initial buy and the initial sell must be set to begin the calculations. This amount is defaulted to .01, meaning that on the first trade, FireStorm will open with a buy of whatever is in this box. If you want your first trade to open with a buy of .02 lots and a sell of .01 (which will give you a buy of .01 lots), meaning that you think that this price will go up from where it is at the moment, then when you close the settings box, Firestorm Elite will open up a buy for .01 lots. FireStorm Elite will only open one trade for a buy of .01 lots as it combines the buy and sell to make one trade. This eliminates the hedge problem so FireStorm Elite will still work on US brokers, however remember the extra margin requirements of US (and Japanese) brokers.
14. **ex_InitialSellLots** – Basically the same as 13 above 'ex_InitialBuyLots;' but this is the control for the Initial Sell side.
15. **ex_ShowGrid** – This places an indicator grid on the chart so you can see how

high or low the price has to move to close the current trade. It does not affect the trading itself. It is there for the traders benefit. 'True' shows the grid placement, 'false' hides it.

16. **ex_GridLines** - This is the number of lines that the indicator will show on the chart. Make it an odd number as there is the main line through the center where the trade was opened. I use 3.
17. **ex_ECN** - An ECN broker is a pass through (no dealing desk) broker and some of them use a different coding that matches the bank or liquidity provider's system. It just means that you can't set stop-losses and Take-profits at the same time as you open the trade. You have to go back and edit the trade to add them. Regular brokers tend to match the traders interface a little better, making it a little more convenient. However, I have been running FS with the ECN set to true on a non-ECN broker. I haven't had any problems with this, so if you are in doubt as to if your broker is an ECN or regular type, then use the ECN = true as the default. It probably will work fine anyway.

Learning To Trade With FireStorm Elite

Trading FireStorm Elite is different to trading systems that chase the price (traditional systems that try to determine the direction and amount of the next price movement). The robot handles all the day in and day out trading. It's really boring. It knows when to take a break if you tell it when to do it. The more you know about how the system works, the better your system will work for you. Therefore, I will go into some detail about the background of this system and that inevitably will include some technical discussions about mathematical trading and concepts such as Martingale.

Mathematical trading is still in its infancy, but that is to be expected since the entire forex spot market is only 9 years old. Day trading, position trading, swing, technical and fundamental trading were all brought over from stock and futures markets. But maths and mechanical trading were born and bred to the forex market. There were numerous seeds to mathematical trading systems dating back hundreds of years but it wasn't until the forex market got rolling that these seeds spawned investment level results.

Before there were markets, there was gambling. The study of game theory can be studied in today's universities in the math department. Martingale was a French mathematician that lived a couple of hundred years ago and has lent his name to a particular type of gambling technique that improved the player's odds of winning. The martingale works like this, let's say you have a fair coin and you can bet any amount that you want, where heads you win and tails you lose. With a martingale system, any time you lose, you double the next bet. Let's say you bet \$1 on the first toss of the fair coin and it comes up tails, you lose one dollar. The next toss, you bet \$2 and it comes up tails a second time. You lost two plus one dollar for a total loss of \$3. On the third toss, you bet \$4 and the coin comes up heads and you win. A \$4 win minus a \$3 loss is a win of \$1. No matter how many times it takes, the sequence will yield a profit of one dollar.

This system has been applied (several times) to forex trading with terrible results. The word martingale has almost become a curse word for the old dog traders because it has resulted in some serious losses. Why?

Martingale was a mathematician and his system required mathematical exactness. The principle was derived around a 'fair' coin. The movement of the price of a forex currency is not a fair probability. There are always market conditions (as any fundamental trader can tell you) that drive the price in a straight line up or down many hundreds of pips.

Often the martingale was used in conjunction with a grid trading system where the buys and sells would always be placed at the same predestined points. There was nothing wrong with that but most often the range sizes were too small and too many ranges resulted in the price zipping through 10 levels of the martingale system. The problem with the martingale is that there are limits to the size of a trade that any trader can take. The broker puts limits on the maximum size, usually 10 or 25 lots

per trade, and the size of one's wallet will limit the rest.

Ten iterations is 5.12 lots if you had started with .01 lots to begin with. If you lost on 5.12, the next size would be 10.28 which the computer may reject as it is bigger than 10 lots. Therefore if the size of the range gave you a profit of \$1, a loss of 5.12 lots would have cost you \$1,023 (remember to include all the other losses up to that point), while a win on that tenth level would give you a total profit of \$1, hardly seems equitable.

So why did so many traders wish to trade the martingale on the grid system? Because they also hedge traded the system. Now a true hedge trade is a buy and a sell of the same amount of the same currency, this generally is just called a hedge trade however there are several other types of hedge trading that we won't be getting into.

Naturally if you buy and sell the same currency no matter where the price went your profit would remain the same. So the way the old systems worked is that you would buy and sell .01 lots and then when the price went up your buy would close for a profit and your sell would close for a loss of one.

The next trade you would open a buy for .01 lot and a sell for .02, figuring that sooner or later the price would drop back down, closing the bigger trade for a profit. If the price went up again, the buy would close for a profit of one and the sell would close for a loss of two for a total loss of three on the sell side and a win of two on the buy side. The next trade is a buy for one and a sell for four, this time the price goes down closing the sell for four and cancelling the three previous losses for a profit of one.

On the buy side, you had two wins and one loss for a profit of one, making a total profit of two. And it would continue that way no matter if the price went up or down you would always end up with a profit of one. This is very tantalizing until you remember that the market will trend as much as it will range. And sometimes those trends will be for more than ten straight ranges, and the losses can be sizable.

So is the martingale not a viable system for mathematical trading?
Hold on ... there's FireStorm Elite.

For some time now we have been working to systematize the martingale sequence in a new way to take advantage of market conditions and flights of price that has always been the nemesis of all previous attempts. And to help us we call in some rather interesting mathematical properties. The first thing that we do is invert the wins and the losses. Remember in our previous example we would buy one .01 lot and sell .02 lots. FireStorm Elite inverts that trade so that we would buy .02 and sell 0.1 lots, which when combined together we would have a single buy of 0.1 lot. We never know when a trend is going to begin, but we always face our largest trades in the direction of the trend, after all, like the old dogs say, "the trend is your friend".

Now before when the price went up we lost the two sells but with FireStorm Elite we would win one buy. The advantage of this is not immediately evident; however let's

look at five trades. Because of the way we invert the trades, all we need is to have two of the same type next to each other, in other words a buy-buy is a win or a sell-sell is a win. If we have a buy sell we double the largest number and open another trade.

The possible arrangement for five trades is the following where a b means that your buy will win and an s means that your sell will win, remember that we are hedged, we are doing both buys and sells and will have as many wins as losses. We can have:

1. b b b b b
2. b b b b s
3. b b b s b
4. b b b s s
5. b b s b b
6. b b s b s
7. b b s s b
8. b b s s s
9. b s b b b
10. b s b b s
11. b s b s b <----
12. b s b s s
13. b s s b b
14. b s s b s
15. b s s s b
16. b s s s s
17. s b b b b
18. s b b b s
19. s b b s b
20. s b b s s
21. s b s b b
22. s b s b s <----
23. s b s s b
24. s b s s s
25. s s b b b
26. s s b b s
27. s s b s b
28. s s b s s
29. s s s b b
30. s s s b s
31. s s s s b
32. s s s s s

Now as we look through these possibilities we can see that all but two have two buys or two sells next to each other. In any five trades these are the only possible outcomes, there's thirty two of them and only two of them would result in a loss.

You cannot have two of the same type if you only have one trade. So the probability

of having two of the same type together is zero percent. If you have two trades you can have two buys, two sells, a buy and a sell, or a sell and a buy. Four possible outcomes, two would have two of the same type which are wins, and two possibilities which would result in a loss, making it a fifty percent probability of a win. When we add the third trade, there are eight possible outcomes, two of which would be losses and six wins, or a 75 percent probability of a win. Another iteration would decrease the probability of loss in half or a probability of win at 87.5% percent. On the fifth iteration you have thirty two possible outcomes with two of which are losses and thirty probabilities of a win. $30/32$ is .9375

To find out the probability for any number of iterations just double the base of the previous, subtract two and divide by the new base. So six iterations would be 64 minus two divided by 64 , or .96875. To find out the probability without going through all the work, just take two to the n th iteration minus two, divided by two to the n th iteration.

So the probability of loss after ten iterations would be 1 minus $(2$ to the 10^{th} power minus $2)$ divided by 2 to the 10^{th} power, this equals 1 minus $(1028 - 2) / 1028 \rightarrow 1 - (1026 / 1028) \rightarrow 1 - .99805$.

So the probability of losing on ten iterations is 19/100's of 1%. But we can never actually trade that because the largest trade many brokers will allow is ten lots. And since we need at least two trades to have a win because we always will have at least one loss, we would use nine iterations, and the probability of a loss is 4/10's of 1%. However, remember that this is not a fair coin. Market conditions tend to make the price trend more often thereby making the market conditions that worked against the previous attempts to utilize the martingale, to work for us.

When you run your reports on the raw hedge, you will find you'll have as many wins as losses, but the amount of wins should be significantly greater than the losses. Trading it live adds an additional amount of control that back testing does not afford the trader. For example, if your system is trading .16 lots and you don't believe that there will be any sizable market changes in the near future you can simply shut off the trades and wait for the market conditions to change before you turn it back on again. Not a trick that we can use in back tests. So back tests tend to be more purely statistical while trader manipulated live trading tends to be more profitable.

Trading with FireStorm Elite

It doesn't matter if the price goes through the roof or drops through the floor, FireStorm Elite will not only be safe but also will make money along the way. It will compensate for the times that the price turns around and heads the other way, and it will do all of this automatically. FireStorm Elite is so easy that the trader can get lulled into thinking that the program will take care of everything, but just like any other robotic assisted trading, the program is not the trader, it is only the assistant.

The one weakness in the system is on those rare occasions that the price goes up and down more than some given amount of times such as eight or ten times across the same range without crossing some other range along the way. It is times like this when human intervention is called for and the trader needs to know what to do.

Checking the account a couple of times a day should be enough to alert the trader to a possible snag. When the trader sees the trade size grow too large then he needs to pause the program. Pausing the program won't start it over, when you turn it back on it will resume trading just where it left off no matter where the price has moved to. This means that if the last trade was .31 lots on a buy and it lost, the next trade will be a sell for .63 lots. Pausing the robot will give the price a chance to move out of its range and break the pattern. If the price moves back up across the same range as it had been trading, and you expect it might be headed back down again, then by turning the robot back on at the top of the range (anywhere toward the top will do) then when the price goes back down, it will close for a profit and reset to .01 lots.

The level that FireStorm Elite starts at is determined by the InitialBuysLots and InitialSellLots settings. If you believe that the price is going to go up, then start the program with .01 buy. It doesn't matter if you are right or not, the program will adjust but what is important is that you reset the Initial***Lots setting back to .01 each to make the robot ready for the next trade. If you set the Initial***Lots setting for .02 then the program will begin trading at twice the number of lots that it had before.

This gives the trader an extra tool to use. There are two ways to compensate for losses in trading, all at once or a little at a time. The Martingale systems double the amount of the next trade so that the losses are compensated for totally on the very next trade but if you tried to catch the wave and failed or you missed it totally and you had the program to reset at a loss after 1.28 lots then you can change the Initial***Lots setting to .02 or even .04 to begin trading at that higher level and make the loss up over an extended period. The 8th iteration is 1.28 lots so the trader would adjust his program to compensate for this higher amount and pay closer attention to his trades at that time.

If the trader doubles the Initial**lots to .02 then it will take 128 trades to bring the balance back from its loss. But there will only be 7 iterations to get back to 1.28 lots. If the trader sets it to .04 lots then it will only take 64 trades to compensate but will have only 6 iterations to hit the 1.28 lot value again.

Martingale compensation chart

| Iteration | Lot Size | Amount needed To Trade \$ | Balance needed With Margin \$ |
|-----------|----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | .01 | 5.29 | \$10.29 |
| 2 | .02 | 15.87 | 25.87 |
| 3 | .04 | 36.82 | 56.82 |
| 4 | .08 | 79.35 | 119.35 |
| 5 | .16 | 163.99 | 243.99 |
| 6 | .32 | 333.27 | 493.27 |
| 7 | .64 | 671.83 | 991.83 |
| 8 | 1.28 | 1,359.53 | 1,999.53 |
| 9 | 2.56 | 2,703.19 | 3,983.19 |
| 10 | 5.12 | 5,432.83 | 7,992.83 |
| 11 | 10.28 | 10,870.95 | 15,990.95 |
| 12 | 20.48 | 21,662.55 | 31,942.55 |

Max allowable trade is 25 lots so 12 is the maximum number of iterations possible. Also if you look at the amount needed at 12 iterations, you can see why a straight martingale was considered an anathema.

If you interrupt the trading after the 6th iteration, .32 lots, you would need at least \$2,000 to have two more attempts at getting it right but nothing for a double or quadruple recovery run. If you want the same level of protection on the second run, you would have to reset the MaxLots setting to the next higher for .02 lots or two higher for the quad of .04 lots to start. You could also just set the quad start for one higher and lose 1 iteration hoping that you would have at least 64 trades (compensation for a 1.28 lots loss at a .04 lot start) before a string of 7 losses happen again. To cover such a possibility (extremely small probability) you would need to add the amount needed to trade on the first run to the balance need with margin on the second run.

If we reset after the 8th iteration (1.28 lots) to .04 lots to start, and MaxLots to 2.56, then we would need \$1,359.53 plus \$3,983.19 or a total of \$5342.72 in the account to cover this. Now that would cover a loss at 2.56 lots, so you could short that a little and start with \$5,000. Naturally, this is how I trade it.

Whether you chose to go with .02 lots and let it run for 128 trades or start with .04 lots and run it for 64 trades (risking one less iteration) until the balance reaches its highest amount before the loss, you would need \$5,000 at least to cover the account. Remember though, if you do have to go to a double or quadruple start size and you change the MaxLot setting up one level to 2.56, don't forget to reset that MaxLot setting back to 1.28

The fact that we can start at .02 or .04 means that you can also allow the account to grow as well. If your account is \$12,000 and you're not taking any profits out, you

could reset the InitialBuyLots and InitialSellLots to .02, the ex_max_lots to the next level higher and everything else the same, to double your profits. At \$18,000 in the balance you could go to .03 lots to start. The limit to this would be starting with .08 lots when your account reaches \$48,000 as the possibility to hit the maximum allowable trade size of 25 lots is reached. If you are trading an account that has reached \$50,000 then you need to start another account. There is a better way to handle growth that we will get to in just a moment.

Remember FireStorm Elite is a generator so profits can be taken out and moved to a production program like PIPen. You can run both programs on one account but it increases the likelihood that you could get confused and miss a price move or something. It may be better to have two accounts with the same broker with the ability to transfer funds back and forth between them.

My preference would be to have two accounts and put \$5,000 in each. On one I would run **PIPen** with a safety level of 6 but fix the lots so I could withdraw my monthly profits periodically so my risk is continually reduced. The other account would run **FireStorm Elite** and allow each to increase to a balance of \$50,000 each then begin moving the monthly profits to the other account. Since I am taking out my profits from the other account at least until I have reclaimed my \$10,000 that I started with, I can allow the FireStorm Elite account to just grow.

An alternative to this for more aggressive traders would be to start PIPen at \$3000, enough to cover the trading range and \$5,000 in FireStorm Elite. Let PIPen grow to \$6,000 and fix the lots at .02 then take the profits out until you have recovered \$7,500 then let it start to grow again. On the FireStorm Elite account you would let it trade until you have \$3,000 in profits then move the profit only to the PIPen account, where it would make the balance at least \$6,000 and we fix the lots. Then we let FireStorm Elite accumulate profits until it has \$12,000 in the account then change the Initial***Lots to .02 each. Since we are basically trading PIPen's insurance money on FireStorm Elite, it would be best to have the trading lot sizes roughly equal.

Note that back-tests on FireStorm Elite are mostly useless. The first reason is that there can be no trader intervention in a back-test, plus the data is almost always limited. Secondly, two accounts started just minutes apart can behave very differently from each other as one will close because it has hit its 50 pip target and reset to open again while the other doesn't hit the target before the price returns and closes for a loss and doubles the next trade. One trader can be intervening while his friends account is trading 0.01 lots and purring right along.

FireStorm Elite is a trader's tool and not recommended for casual investors or beginners. It may be possible with the advances in decision theory to someday automate FireStorm Elite to work without human intervention but that time is not here yet. If you wish to trade FireStorm Elite, please begin with a demo and not use real money until you understand how it operates and any risks.

Safer Growth with multiple charts

From the fact that two accounts using the same currency pairs can have very different results as mentioned above, in a future release coming soon, you can then choose to use two different charts and a second copy of FireStorm Elite.

Since the second chart will be on the same account you can just copy FireStorm Elite on it without any further cost. If the first chart is the EUR/USD then your second one might be the GBP/JPY. You can have two of the same currencies but it can get confusing. There is also a limit to how many charts and copies of FireStorm Elite you can have on one MT4. There are a lot of computations to run with one set of charts, with four charts it could begin to slow things down. Four may not be the limit, depending on the speed of your VPS and internet connection, but there will be a limit. When you reach the limit for your system, and still have growth, then you will have to use the higher InitialBuy/SellLots also as mentioned previously.

The extra benefits of multiple charts is the obvious one in that it is unlikely that two charts would begin to oscillate through one range simultaneously. Therefore if one currency pair resets because the trade size hit the MaxLot setting, then only half of the account is at loss and needs to be rebuilt; but you can use both charts to rebuild it. Instead of pushing the initial**Lots to .04 you would only go up to .02 but do so on both charts. That would have the same recovery effect as trading 4X on one chart.

There is still a limit on how large your account can grow. As a reminder of what we talked about, recall that the largest size that you could start with was .08 lots on a balance of \$50,000. If you use only four different charts on the account, the balance could trade the equivalent of 4X .08 lots or .32 lots on a balance of \$200,000. However after that you will have to purchase another copy of FireStorm and open another broker account, preferably (again for extra safety) with another broker.

If you have questions or wish additional information, please visit our forum at: <http://personalinvestorplan.com/forum> where I shall be running tutorials on my trading accounts and answering questions.