



The Three Laws of Successful Trading

Mario Singh on how to become consistently profitable in the forex market.

H

aving had the privilege of speaking to audiences about FX trading worldwide, I have noticed a common question: “What is the best strategy to trade forex?”

Each time I hear the question, I can’t help but smile. After all, that was my biggest question when I first started trading forex. It’s almost always, “Give me the strategy first, and we’ll talk about trading later!”

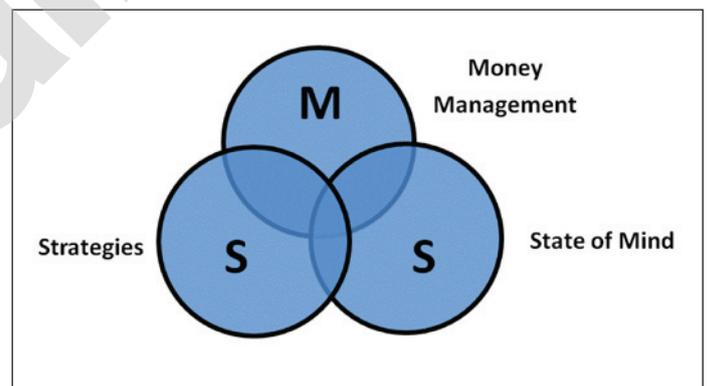
In this article I hope to shed some light on successful trading, and how we can all get there. Let’s start with the definition of a successful trader. The benchmark of a successful trader is that he must be consistently profitable. Notice the word ‘consistently’. I’m never impressed when I hear someone is “making 500 per cent in a month”. Don’t get me wrong – these are amazing results; but any trader worth his salt must know that his game plan is to stay consistently profitable. It seems inevitable that the few who make exorbitant returns in one month get washed out the very next month, because they probably took on (and continue to take on) excessive risk. Remember, you might be able to make 500 per cent a month for a particular month, but if you lose only 100 per cent any month, you are out of the game forever.

The three laws

How does one become ‘consistently profitable’ in the forex market?

I would like to share my three laws of successful trading. They are not mutually exclusive; rather, they must go hand-in-hand. They are:

- Strategies
- Money management
- State of mind



Strategies

There are four basic strategies for profiting from the forex market: trending, ranging, breakout and news release strategies.

Trending strategy

A trending strategy is employed when the market is clearly in an uptrend or a downtrend. When the market is in an uptrend, go ‘long’. If the market is in a clear downtrend, go ‘short’.

This is, by far, the most popular method of banking profits in the forex market. As the saying goes: ‘The trend is your friend until it bends.’

Ranging strategy

A range occurs when the market is trading in a channel – between a floor and a ceiling. The price seems to bounce repeatedly between these two areas, called support and resistance. For this strategy, traders tend to go short near levels of resistance because buying pressure succumbs to selling pressure, hence pushing the price down.

'Until you can manage your mind, do not expect to manage money.' -Warren Buffett

Conversely, traders execute buy, or long, orders near areas of support because selling pressure succumbs to buying pressure, which pushes prices up.

Breakout strategy

A breakout strategy is employed when prices finally break out of a trading channel and head either up or down. Momentum is greatest on breakout points; hence traders tend to capitalise on these specific movements by going long once prices break upwards from a trading range, or short once prices break downwards from a trading range.

News release strategy

I know a number of traders who trade exclusively around the news. Two of the most popular news announcements are interest rate changes from the G7 countries and the Non-Farm Payrolls from the United States on the first Friday of every month.

Because there is no telling which way the market is going to react once the news is announced, I do not advocate trading around the news for new traders. Markets tend to be irrational, and this is not the behaviour you want to experience when you have just begun your journey.

Another downside to trading around 'hot' news is that brokers have a tendency to widen their pip spread during these times. Spreads can easily widen to 20 pips, regardless of whether you go short or long, during this volatile session. Be mindful of this the next time you feel like trading on a 'juicy, piece of news.'

Money management

Much can be said around the topic of money management; but I'd like to focus on just one aspect: risk.

In the world of retail forex trading many promising traders are still oblivious to one of the biggest pitfalls of trading: the tendency to take on too much risk.

Sometimes traders just do not understand how much risk is too much. The golden rule is never to risk more than one to five per cent of your capital on any trade. In fact, I know many professional traders who consider five per cent to be too much. Some of them never go beyond two per cent.

What does this mean, specifically? If you have a trading account of \$US10,000, a two per cent risk means that you will not lose more than \$US200 if your stop loss is hit.

If we assume your stop loss is hit, then for your next trade you would begin with \$US9,800 capital. It is hard to imagine anyone blowing up his or her account with such tight rules; but the sad fact is that traders are unaware of how they should practice prudent

money management.

Here's an example to drive home the absolute importance of money management. If you start with an account of \$US10,000, you would have \$US5,000 left if you blew off 50 per cent of your account. The real question is how much you would have to make in order to bring your account back to the break-even level of \$US10,000.

The answer, of course, is 100 per cent. In fact, the statistics are not pretty (see figure 1).

FIGURE 1: LOSS OF CAPITAL VERSUS PERCENTAGE REQUIRED TO GET BACK TO BREAKEVEN

Loss of Capital	% required to get back to breakeven
10%	11%
20%	25%
30%	43%
40%	67%
50%	100%
60%	150%
70%	233%
80%	400%
90%	900%

We are often reminded: "Amateurs are concerned with how much they can make. Professionals are concerned with how much they will lose."

State of mind

State of mind concerns a trader's thoughts and emotions. It is the component that will present itself as by far the biggest stumbling block to a trader's success. Four human characteristics – fear, greed, hope and ignorance – will always be a part of every trade.

Imagine you have just completed your 'apprenticeship' trading the demo account and you are now ready to trade live. The first opportunity opens up. It's time to make big bucks. However, when

'The trader is the weakest link in any trading system.' -Dr Alexander Elder

it's time to execute the trade, you somehow freeze up. Your finger just can't find the energy to click the mouse. This is fear. You then watch in horror as your trade (which you didn't take) goes on to register a win!

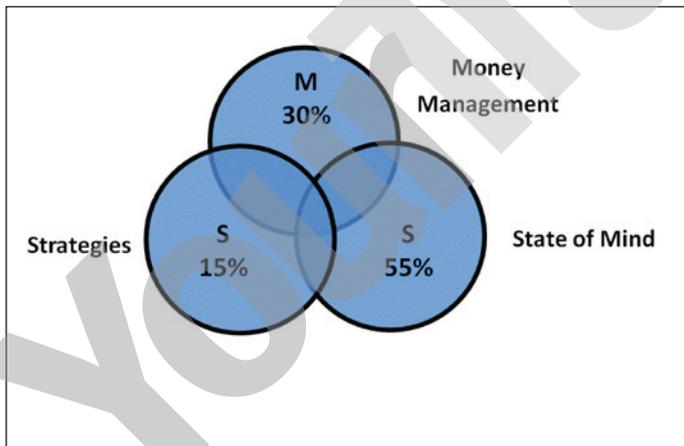
At your next trade, you double your lot size. This is greed. You double your lot size because you want to win back the money you left at the table by not taking the first trade. As Murphy's Law would have it, this trade is now heading towards your stop loss! You then do the unthinkable – you remove the stop loss. This is ignorance. You remove your stop loss because you are giving the trade some 'breathing space' to reverse and, you hope, register your first win.

Sound all too familiar?

I hope (no pun intended) that you now see that all three laws – strategies, money management and state of mind – must come into play for you to achieve any degree of success in trading.

In fact, if we assume that the three circles make up 100 per cent of a trader's success, then they can be divided as follows:

- Strategies: 15%
- Money management: 30%
- State of mind: 55%



Strategies (15%)

Even when your strategies work, it is a fact that they account for only 15 per cent of your success in trading.

Money management (30%)

Money management is twice as important as strategy because if you

take on more risk than you are allowed, you put yourself in a position where your account can be badly damaged. Remember, it takes more effort to recover an account that has a significant drawdown.

State of mind (55%)

And state of mind is twice as important as strategy because everything rises and falls on the way you, the trader, execute your plan.

Strategies and money management can be taught. Strategies are what to do. Money management is how much to do. However, state of mind — thoughts and emotions — is difficult to control. Humans are emotional creatures and money is an emotional topic.

In summary, the three laws – strategies, money management and state of mind – must work in harmony before you can be consistently profitable in the forex market. YTE

Mario Singh has been trading forex for five years. He is the co-founder and CEO of FX1 Academy, the largest Forex Academy in Asia. He is a popular seminar speaker, writer and forex coach. As he is a regular guest on CNBC, his views are widely sought in the industry. For more information, please visit www.fx1academy.com and www.mariosingh.com.

